

TIMO SCHNEIDER <TIMOS@INF.ETHZ.CH> DPHPC Recitation Session 3 Caches



Cache Organization – Cachelines & Sets





Cache Organization – Lookup Procedure

- How do we check if a memory address X is cached?
 - Each address can go into exactly one set
 - Split address into three parts: Tag, Set, Offset
 - Use the set part to locate the correct set
 - Compare the tag to all stored tags which are "valid"





Quiz

Explain the term

- Cache coherence
- Multi-level cache
- Shared Cache
- Write back / write through cache
- Victim cache



Cache coherence

- Assume we have two cores, each with its own cache
- Both load a shared variable X=0
- Now core0 writes to X=1
- What happens if core1 uses/reads X now?
- What actually happens depends on the cache implementation, i.e., if we have a write back or write through cache
- But what we want (cache coherence) is:
 - Updates are visible to all readers (Write propagation)
 - Writes to the same location appear in order (Write serialization)



Cache Coherence Protocols - MESI

- Each cacheline is in one of four states
- Modifed
 - The copy in this cache is the only one
 - And the copy in this cache is newer than memory

Exclusive

- Our cache is the only one which has this cacheline
- And Memory is up to date

Shared

- Other copies might exist
- And memory is up to date

Invalid

Cacheline is invalid



Quiz – MESI Protocol

- What are the events that affect the state of a cache line?
 - Local Read, Local Write, Read Request on Bus, Shared Signal on Bus, ReadExclusive Request on the Bus
- What happens if a CL is in state M and the local core reads it?
 - It stays in state M

What happens if a CL is in state I and the local core reads it?

 It goes to state E or S, depending how the other caches respond to the Read Request

What happens if a CL is in state I and the local core writes to it

- ReadExclusive is used to make sure others invalidate their copy and we can go to state M
- What happens if a CL is in state M and changes its state?
 - This happens as a result of a read request, so the CL has to be written to memory first
- Explain a possible optimization of the MESI protocol
 - MOESI, allows cache to cache data transfer of modified cache lines



Homework

- Available on course website
- Idea: Solve it after the recitation session
- We discuss the solution briefly next recitation session, good idea to bring your solution to compare and ask questions in case you got different results.